

# User Research

COSC 480: User-Centered Design

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October 24, 2016

# Looking Ahead

- T6: Low-Fi Prototype due Wed 11/2 (PR Fri 11/4)
- Trip to Google NYC Thur 11/3 – Fri 11/4
- A5: Individual Prototype due Mon 11/14
- Thanksgiving Break (no class Mon 11/21 – Fri 11/25)
- T7: User Testing due Wed 11/30 (PR Fri 12/2)
- T8: Hi-Fi Prototype due Mon 12/5 (PR Wed 12/7)
- T9: Final Presentation on Wed 12/7 (PR Fri 12/9)
- A6: Final Reflection due Mon 12/12

# Last Week





# Grace Hopper Celebration of Women in Computing



# Grace Hopper

“Amazing Grace”

- (1906 – 1992)
- PhD in Math
- Prof at Vassar
- Joined the Navy Reserves during WWII
- Invented the first computer compiler

[Read more on wikipedia](#)









# #GHC17 Orlando



## NEW NEXT YEAR!

MORE TRACK  
SESSIONS



ALL HOUSING  
WITHIN 3 MILES



# ACM RICHARD TAPIA

## CELEBRATION OF DIVERSITY IN COMPUTING CONFERENCE

SEPTEMBER 14-17, 2016

AUSTIN, TX



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**Atlanta, GA**  
**September 2017**

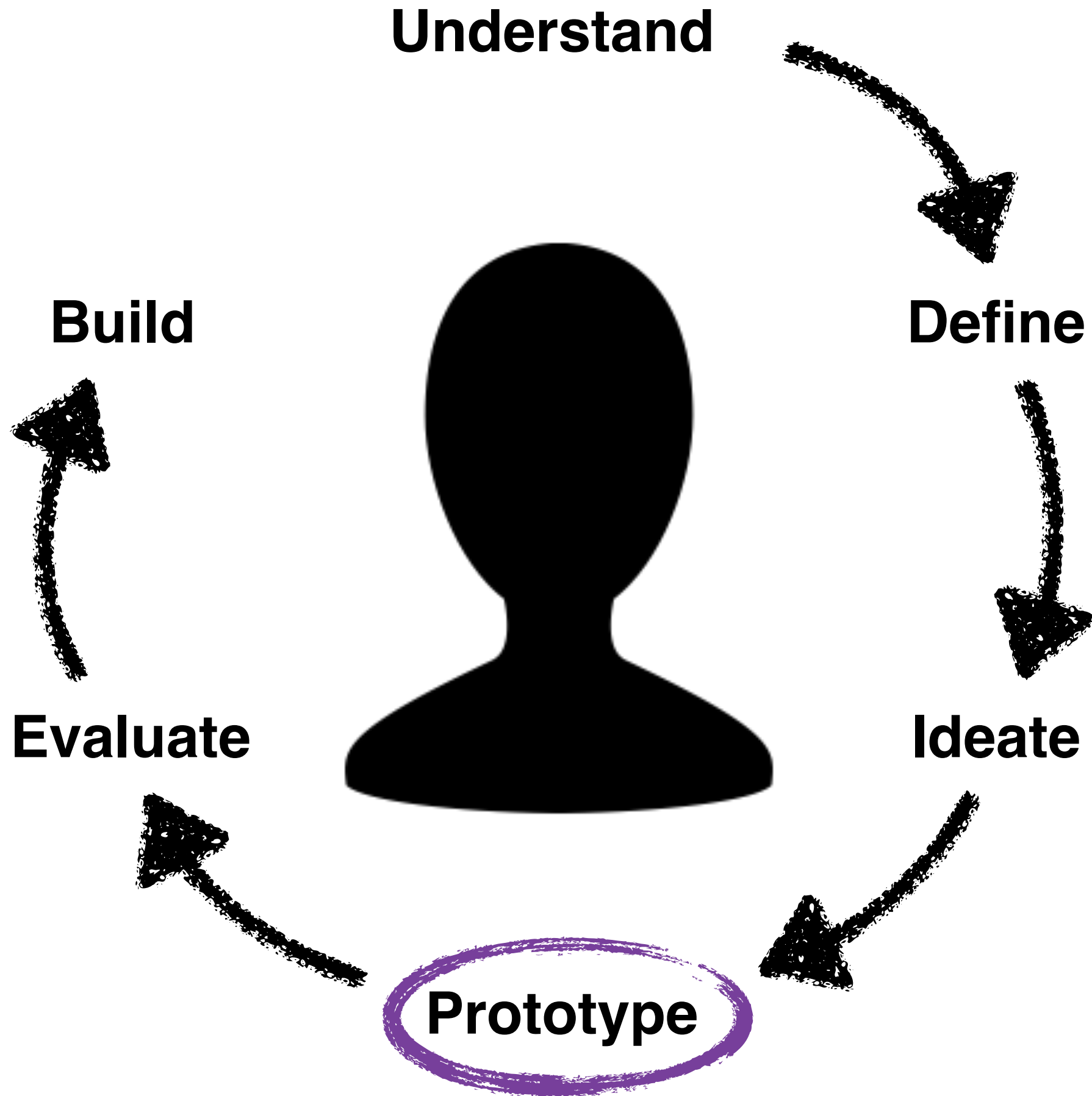
Since 2001, the Tapia Conferences have highlighted and celebrated the technical achievements of diverse people in computer science. With over 1,000 participants it is the premiere venue to recruit top diverse technical talent, find mentors, learn about the latest research, and build networks. Tapia is more than just a conference; it's a community.

**JOIN US AT TAPIA 2016!**

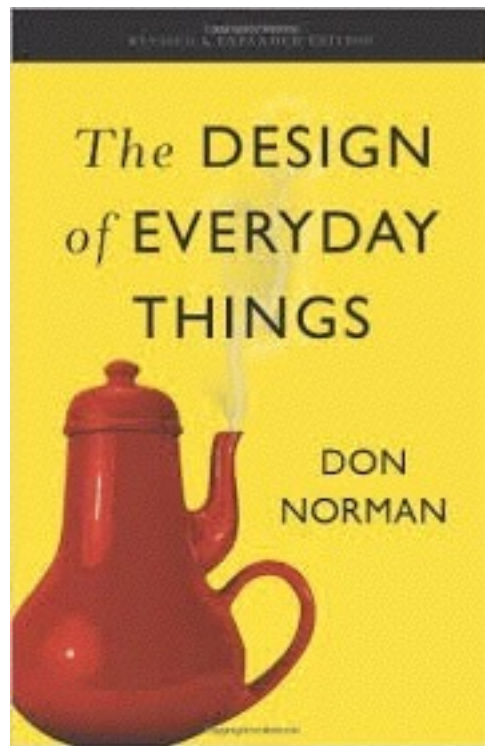
**REGISTRATION INFORMATION:**  
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# Wednesday: Models & Conceptual Design



**Chapter 3:**  
Knowledge in the Head &  
Knowledge in the World

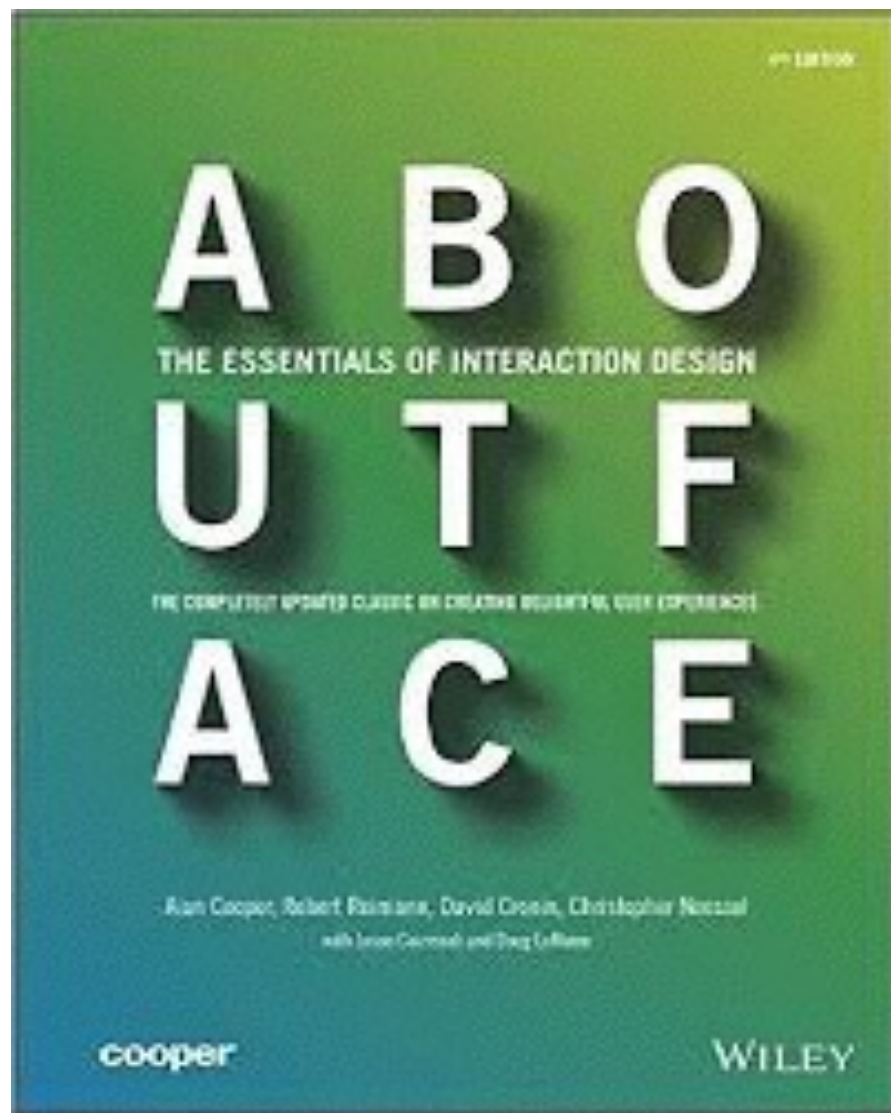


**Chapter 8:**  
Mental Models &  
Conceptual Design



# Friday:

## Patterns & Metaphors



**Chapter 7:**  
A Basis for Good Product  
Behavior

**Chapter 13:**  
Metaphors, Idioms, and  
Affordances

# Design Patterns

Google Material Design

## Patterns

### Confirmation and acknow

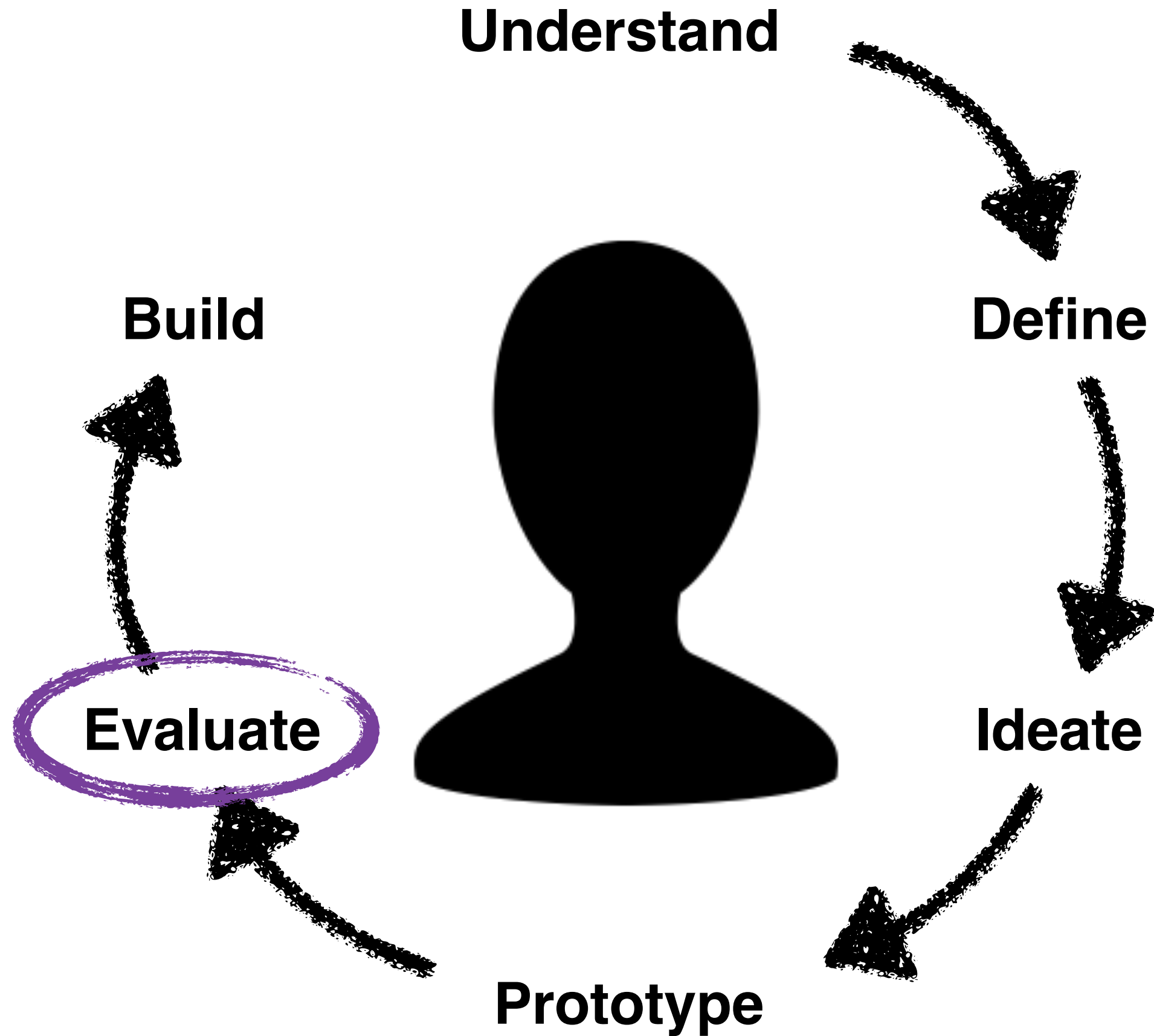
When a user invokes an action in your app,  
through text.

Contents

Usage

Confirmation





# User Research



# Usability

- Usability is a quality attribute that assesses how easy user interfaces are to use
- Five quality components define usability:
  - **Learnability**. How easy is it for users to accomplish basic tasks the first time they encounter the design?
  - **Efficiency**. Once users have learned the design, how quickly can they perform tasks?
  - **Memorability**. When users return to the design after a period of not using it, how easily can they reestablish proficiency?
  - **Errors**. How many errors do users make, how severe are these errors, and how easily can they recover from the errors?
  - **Satisfaction**. How pleasant is it to use the design?

Adapted from: <http://www.nngroup.com/articles/usability-101-introduction-to-usability/>

# Utility

- Utility is another important quality attribute that refers to the design's functionality: Does it do what users need?
- Usability and utility are equally important and together determine whether something is useful:
  - It matters little that something is easy to use if it's not what you want
  - It's also of no value if the system can do what you want, but you can't make it happen because the user interface is too difficult

Adapted from: <http://www.nngroup.com/articles/usability-101-introduction-to-usability/>

**Utility** = whether it provides the features you need

**Usability** = how easy and pleasant these features are to use

Utility + Usable = Useful

Adapted from: <http://www.nngroup.com/articles/usability-101-introduction-to-usability/>



# Evaluating Usability

Usability Component	Type of Usability Evaluation
Learnability	Control how much instruction is given to evaluation participants, or recruit participants with different levels of domain knowledge and experience, then measure efficiency, errors, and satisfaction
Efficiency	Time (or number of clicks) to complete realistic tasks
Memorability	Time to complete a task after a 48-hour break
Errors	Evaluate tasks for how accurately they were completed, and how often they produce errors; include task scenarios with potential problems (give participants enough latitude to make errors)
Satisfaction	Satisfaction surveys or qualitative interviews can gauge participant acceptance and attitudes towards the software

Adapted from <http://www.wqusability.com/articles/more-than-ease-of-use.html>



# Guerilla Usability Testing